中文題目：一個以嚴重肝內膽汁淤積為表現的原發性肝臟類澱粉沉積症個案

英文題目：A Case with Severe Intrahepatic Cholestasis as a Presentation of Primary Hepatic Amyloidosis

作　　者：李佩娟[1]，柯秉宏[1,2]，紀承霖[3]

服務單位：[1]大林慈濟醫院內科部，[2]內科部腸胃內科，[3]病理科

***Introduction:*** Amyloidosis is rare and difficult to diagnose due to non-specific symptoms, laboratory test and images. Here, we reported a rare case of hepatic amyloidosis who presented with progressive jaundice.

***Case presentation:*** A 70-year-old male patient presented with progressive yellowish skin for 10 days. Biochemical tests showed elevated total and direct bilirubin level(9.1 mg/dL and 4.9mg/dL); elevated serum alkaline phosphatase(744IU/L) and gamma glutamyl transpeptidase(408IU/L). Abdominal CT showed cardiomegaly and hepatomegaly. No remarkable finding was noted from viral hepatitis and autoimmune hepatitis serology survey, including hepatis B, hepatitis C and primary biliary colangitis. Liver biopsy confirmed the diagnosis of hepatic amyloidosis.

***Conclusion:*** Infiltrative disease, such as amyloidosis may be considered in patients presented with cholestatic jaundice.