STUDY OF THE EFFECT OF SOYBEAN PRODUCT FLAVONOID ON ENDOTHELIAL FUNCTION (NO) IN CASE OF ISCHEMIC HEART DISEASE

V. Kapetivadze^{1,} R. Tabukashvili, Kh. Chaava¹, G. Grigorashvili² Department of ¹Internal Medicine N4, Tbilisi State Medical University, Tbilisi, Georgia Research Institute² of Sanitary and Hygiene, Tbilisi, Georgia

BACKGROUND/AIMS: The effect of soybean flavonoids – biologically active supplements extracted from soybeans – on endothelial function, lipid metabolism and C-reactive protein was studied in patients with ischemic heart disease.

<u>METHODS</u>: A total of 67 patients (average age 60±0.9) with ischemic heart disease were given 400-mg flavonoid supplement for 6 weeks. Levels of NO in patients' blood were measured by means of Epr spectrography and SPIN-trap method and lipid metabolism – by spectrophotometry. Echocardiographic and Doppler echocardiographic investigations were carried out as well.

RESULTS: The study proved that soybean flavonoid supplement positively affects endothelial function. It significantly increases NO level, improves lipid metabolism and reduces C-reactive protein. Administration of flavonoid supplement in patients with ischemic heart disease improved their global systolic function and increased transacrtic flow.

<u>CONCLUSIONS:</u> Based on the obtained data, it can be assumed that soybean flavonoid stimulates endothelium relaxation factor - NO synthesis. It also has a lipotrophic effect and anti-inflammatory action that makes it a reasonable option in patients with ischemic heart disease.

Key words: soybean product, flavonoid, NO.